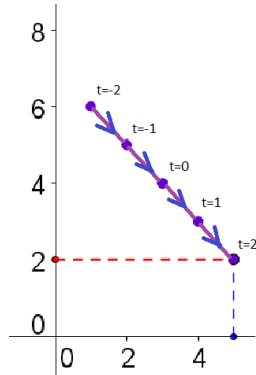


SM3H HW11.3 Parametric Equations

For problems 1-6, finish the parametric table and sketch the parametric curve.

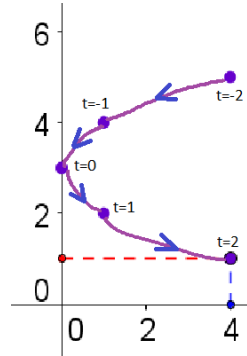
1) $a = \langle t + 3, 4 - t \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$a = (x, y)$
-2	1	6	(1, 6)
-1	2	5	(2, 5)
0	3	4	(3, 4)
1	4	3	(4, 3)
2	5	2	(5, 2)



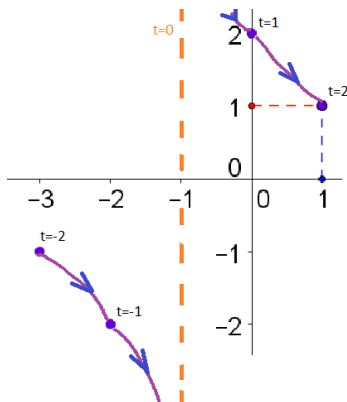
2) $b = \langle t^2, 3 - t \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$b = (x, y)$
-2	4	5	(4, 5)
-1	1	4	(1, 4)
0	0	3	(0, 3)
1	1	2	(1, 2)
2	4	1	(4, 1)



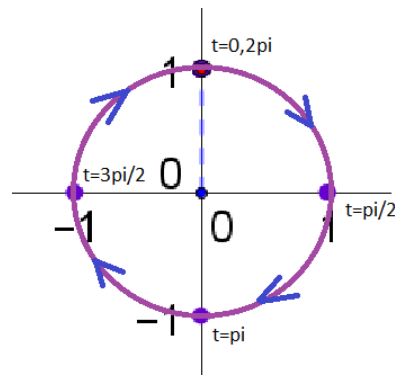
3) $c = \langle t - 1, \frac{2}{t} \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$c = (x, y)$
-2	-3	-1	(-3, -1)
-1	-2	-2	(-2, -2)
0	-1	undefined	\emptyset
1	0	2	(0, 2)
2	1	1	(1, 1)



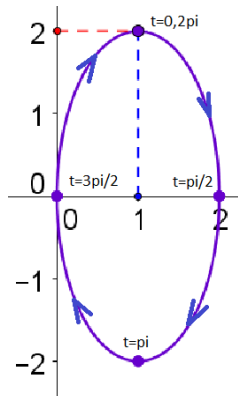
4) $d = \langle \sin t, \cos t \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$d = (x, y)$
0	0	1	(0, 1)
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	1	0	(1, 0)
π	0	-1	(0, -1)
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	-1	0	(-1, 0)
2π	0	1	(0, 1)



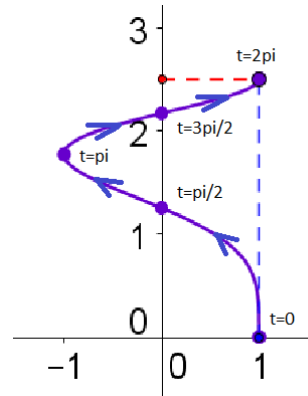
5) $f = \langle 1 + \sin t, 2 \cos t \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$f = (x, y)$
0	1	2	(1, 2)
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	2	0	(2, 0)
π	1	-2	(1, -2)
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	0	0	(0, 0)
2π	1	2	(1, 2)



6) $g = \langle \cos t, \sqrt{t} \rangle$

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$g = (x, y)$
0	1	0	(1, 0)
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	0	1.2533	(0, 1.2533)
π	-1	1.7725	(-1, 1.7725)
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	0	2.1708	(0, 2.1708)
2π	1	2.5066	(1, 2.5066)

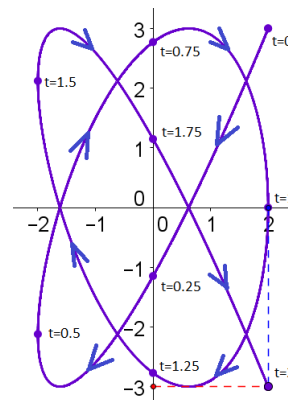


7. During a dance recital for Orem Dance Company, Tatum moves along a stage. Tatum's dance position, d , toward the right or left across the stage as a function of time is given by $x(t)$ with positive x -values indicating stage right while her positive toward or away from the audience is given by $y(t)$ with positive y -values meaning closer to the audience. t is measured in seconds after the moment she begins the dance. x, y are measured in feet.

$$d = \langle 2 \cos(2\pi t), 3 \cos(2.5\pi t) \rangle$$

Find Tatum's position during the first two seconds of the choreography by filling out the table and sketching $d(x, y)$:

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$d(x, y)$
0	2	3	(2, 3)
0.25	0	-1.148	(0, -1.148)
0.5	-2	-2.121	(-2, -2.121)
0.75	0	2.772	(0, 2.772)
1	2	0	(2, 0)
1.25	0	-2.772	(0, -2.772)
1.5	-2	2.121	(-2, 2.121)
1.75	0	1.148	(0, 1.148)
2	2	-3	(2, -3)



8. During a football play, $t = 0$ represents the moment that the ball is snapped, which starts the clock. Jordy is allowed to move up to 2 seconds before the ball is snapped. Jordy's motion is given by the parametric equation $j = \langle t^2 + 2t - 2, t - 1 \rangle$ with $-2 \leq t \leq 2$ being the restriction on t that describes Jordy's motion.

Find Jordy's position during $-2 \leq t \leq 2$ of the play by filling out the table and sketching $j(x, y)$:

t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$	$j(x, y)$
-2	-2	-3	$(-2, -3)$
-1	-3	-2	$(-3, -2)$
0	-2	-1	$(-2, -1)$
1	1	0	$(1, 0)$
2	6	1	$(6, 1)$

